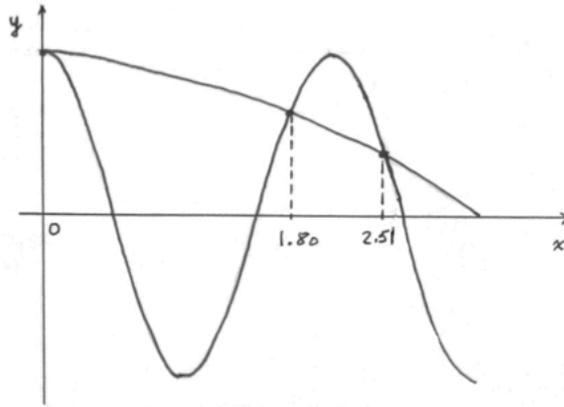


# Trig Identities and Unit Circle Answers

1)

## QUESTION 6

### Method 1



0

1.80 [3 s.f.]

2.51 [3 s.f.]

(G2)

(G2)

(C2)

(C2)

(C2)

### Method 2

$$3x = \pm 0.5x + 2\pi \text{ (etc.)}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3.5x = 0, 2\pi, 4\pi \text{ or } 2.5x = 0, 2\pi, 4\pi$$

$$7x = 0, 4\pi, (8\pi) \text{ or } 5x = 0, 4\pi, (8\pi)$$

$$x = 0, \frac{4\pi}{7} \text{ or } x = 0, \frac{4\pi}{5}$$

(M1)

(A1)

(A1)

(A1)(A1)(A1)

$$x = 0, \frac{4\pi}{7}, \frac{4\pi}{5}$$

(C2)(C2)(C2)

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2)

6. (a)  $x$  is an acute angle  $\Rightarrow \cos x$  is positive.

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1 \Rightarrow \cos x = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{8}{9}} \left( = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} \right)$$

(M1)

(M1)

(A1)

(A1)

(C4)

(b)  $\cos 2x = 1 - 2\sin^2 x = 1 - 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2$

$$= \frac{7}{9}$$

(M1)

(A1)

(C2)

[6 marks]

3)

$$\tan^2 x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 30^\circ \text{ or } x = 150^\circ$$

Answers:  $x = 30^\circ$  or  $x = 150^\circ$

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(M1)

(M1)

(A1)(A1)

(C2)(C2)

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4) **QUESTION 13**

(a)  $(3\sin x - 2)(\sin x - 3)$  AI AI C2

**Note:** Award *AI* if  $3x^2 - 11x + 6$  correctly factorized to give  $(3x - 2)(x - 3)$  (or equivalent with another letter).

(b) (i)  $(3\sin x - 2)(\sin x - 3) = 0$   
 $\sin x = \frac{2}{3}$        $\sin x = 3$  AI AI C2

(ii)  $x = 41.8^\circ, 138^\circ$  AI AI C2

**Notes:** Penalize *[1 mark]* for any extra answers and *[1 mark]* for answers in radians.  
*i.e.* Award *AI A0* for  $41.8^\circ, 138^\circ$  and any extra answers.  
 Award *AI A0* for 0.730, 2.41.  
 Award *A0 A0* for 0.730, 2.41 and any extra answers.

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5) **QUESTION 9**

**METHOD 1**

$2\cos^2 x = 2\sin x \cos x$  (M1)

$2\cos^2 x - 2\sin x \cos x = 0$

$2\cos x(\cos x - \sin x) = 0$  (M1)

$\cos x = 0, (\cos x - \sin x) = 0$  (AI)(AI)

$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  (AI)(AI) (C6)

**METHOD 2**

Graphical solutions

**EITHER**

for both graphs  $y = 2\cos^2 x, y = \sin 2x,$  (M2)

**OR**

for the graph of  $y = 2\cos^2 x - \sin 2x.$  (M2)

**THEN**

Points representing the solutions clearly indicated (AI)

1.57, 0.785 (AI)

$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  (AI)(AI) (C6)

**Notes:** If no working shown, award *(C4)* for one correct answer.  
 Award *(C2)(C2)* for each correct decimal answer 1.57, 0.785.  
 Award *(C2)(C2)* for each correct degree answer  $90^\circ, 45^\circ$ .  
 Penalize a total of *[1 mark]* for any additional answers.

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6) **QUESTION 14**

- (a) when  $y = 0$  (may be implied by a sketch) (A1)  
 $x = \frac{8\pi}{9}$  or 2.79 (A1) (C2)

(b) **METHOD 1**

- Sketch of appropriate graph(s) (M1)  
 Indicating correct points (A1)  
 $x = 3.32$  or  $x = 5.41$  (A1)(A1) (C2)(C2)

**METHOD 2**

$$\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{9}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x + \frac{\pi}{9} = \frac{7\pi}{6}, x + \frac{\pi}{9} = \frac{11\pi}{6} \quad (A1)(A1)$$

$$x = \frac{7\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{9}, x = \frac{11\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{9}$$

$$x = \frac{19\pi}{18}, x = \frac{31\pi}{18} \quad (x = 3.32, x = 5.41) \quad (A1)(A1) (C2)(C2)$$

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7) **QUESTION 14**

- (a)  $3(1 - 2\sin^2 x) + \sin x = 1$  (A1)  
 $6\sin^2 x - \sin x - 2 = 0$  ( $p = 6, q = -1, r = -2$ ) (A1) (C2)
- (b)  $(3\sin x - 2)(2\sin x + 1)$  (A1)(A1) (C2)
- (c) 4 solutions (A2) (C2)

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