# Straight line graphs Ans 

## worksheet ans

0 min<br>0 marks

1. (a) $0+2 y=12$ or $x+2(0)=12$
$\mathrm{P}(0,6) \quad$ (accept $x=0, y=6$ )
$\mathrm{Q}(12,0) \quad$ (accept $x=12, y=0)$

Notes: Award (M1) for setting either value to zero.
Missing coordinate brackets receive (A0) the first time this occurs. Award (A0)(A1)(ft) for $P(0,12)$ and $Q(6,0)$.
(b) $x+2(x-3)=12$
$(6,3) \quad($ accept $x=6, y=3)$
(A1)(A1) (C3)
Note: (A1) for each correct coordinate.
Missing coordinate brackets receive (A0)(A1) if this is the first time it occurs.
[6]
2. (a) $\frac{8-4}{5-(-1)}$
(M1)
Note: Award (M1) for correct substitution into the gradient formula.

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\begin{equation*}
\frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{4}{6}, 0.667\right) \tag{A1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) $y=\frac{2}{3} x+c$
(A1)(ft)
Note: Award (A1)(ft) for their gradient substituted in their equation.

$$
\begin{equation*}
y=\frac{2}{3} x+\frac{14}{3} \tag{A1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Notes: Award (Al)(ft) for their correct equation.
Accept any equivalent form.
Accept decimal equivalents for coefficients to 3 sf.

## OR

$y-y_{1}=\left(x-x_{1}\right)$
(A1)(ft)
Note: Award (A1)(ft) for their gradient substituted in the equation.
$y-4=\frac{2}{3}(x+1) \mathbf{O R} y-8=\frac{2}{3}(x-5)$
(A1)(ft) (C2)
Note: Award (Al)(ft) for correct equation.
(c) $y=\frac{2}{3} \times 8+\frac{14}{3} \mathbf{O R} y-4=\frac{2}{3}(8+1) \mathbf{O R} y-8=\frac{2}{3}(8-5)$

Note: Award (M1) for substitution of $x=8$ into their equation.
$y=10$ (10.0)
(A1)(ft) (C2)
Note: Follow through from their answer to part (b).
3.

(a) line passes through $(-2,0)$
(A1)
negative gradient (line must be straight for mark to be awarded) correct gradient (line must be straight for mark to be awarded)
(A1)(A1)(A1) (C4) $3 x+y=-6$ (or equivalent)

Note: Award (C4) ft for $y=-3 x+$ candidate's $y$-intercept (or equivalent).
Otherwise award:
(A1) for $y$ with $=$ in a linear equation,
(A1) for $y=-3 x$ or $y+3 x$ seen or for $m=-3$
(A1) for candidate's y-intercept included in a linear expression.
Do not ft candidate's gradient if it is wrong in the diagram, no mark for stand alone $-3 x$
4. (a) gradient $=\frac{-4}{3}$ or -1.33 (3 s.f.)
(A1) (C1)
(b) $y=\frac{-4}{3} x+4$

OR $4 x+3 y-12=0$
OR equivalent form
Note: the y-intercept must be 4, allow follow through from part (a)
(c) $y=\frac{-4}{3} x-4$
(M1)
Note: award (M1) for y-intercept as -4

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\begin{equation*}
4 x+3 y+12=0 \text { or } \frac{4}{3} x+y+4=0 \tag{A1}
\end{equation*}
$$

