

The line l passes through the points (10, 0) and (0, 8) as shown in the diagram.

(a) Find the gradient of the line as a fraction in its simplest form.

(b) Write down the equation of the line parallel to *l* which passes through the origin.

(c) Find the equation of the line parallel to l which passes through the point (3, 1).

$$Answer(c) y =$$
[2]

Straight line graphs 1

2) A straight line passes through two points with co-ordinates (6, 8) and (0, 5). Work out the equation of the line.



Answer

3)

The distance AB is 7 units.

(a) Write down the equation of the line through B which is parallel to y = 2x + 3.

[3]

(b) Find the co-ordinates of the point *C* where this line crosses the *x* axis.

4) Find the co-ordinates of the mid-point of the line joining the points A(2, -5) and B(6, 9).

Answer (,) [2]

5) Find the length of the line joining the points A(-4, 8) and B(-1, 4).

Answer AB = [2]



The line y = mx + c is parallel to the line y = 2x + 4. The distance *AB* is 6 units.

Find the value of *m* and the value of *c*.

Straight line graphs 1

7) The points (2, 5), (3, 3) and (k, 1) all lie in a straight line.



(b) Find the equation of the line.

Answer(b) [3]

8) Find the length of the straight line from Q(-8, 1) to R(4, 6).

Answer QR =

[3]



Answer(c)(ii)	[2]
	[-]



The lines *AB* and *CB* intersect at *B*.

(a) Find the co-ordinates of the midpoint of *AB*.

Answer(a)
$$($$
 , $) [1]$

(b) Find the equation of the line *CB*.



11)

10)

The diagram shows the straight line which passes through the points (0, 1) and (3, 13). Find the equation of the straight line.

[3]