

Stats and Prob test Answers

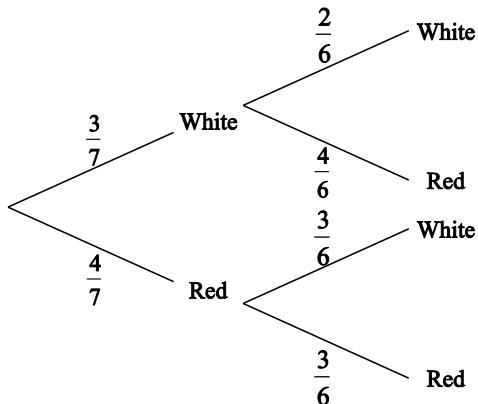
1)

(a) (i)	$s = 1$	<i>A1</i>	<i>N1</i>
(ii)	evidence of appropriate approach e.g. $21 - 16, 12 + 8 - q = 15$	<i>(M1)</i>	
	$q = 5$	<i>A1</i>	<i>N2</i>
(iii)	$p = 7, r = 3$	<i>A1A1</i>	<i>N2</i>
			<i>[5 marks]</i>
(b) (i)	$P(\text{art} \text{music}) = \frac{5}{8}$	<i>A2</i>	<i>N2</i>
(ii) METHOD 1			
	$P(\text{art}) = \frac{12}{16} \left(= \frac{3}{4} \right)$	<i>A1</i>	
	evidence of correct reasoning e.g. $\frac{3}{4} \neq \frac{5}{8}$	<i>R1</i>	
	the events are not independent	<i>AG</i>	<i>N0</i>
	METHOD 2		
	$P(\text{art}) \times P(\text{music}) = \frac{96}{256} \left(= \frac{3}{8} \right)$	<i>A1</i>	
	evidence of correct reasoning e.g. $\frac{12}{16} \times \frac{8}{16} \neq \frac{5}{16}$	<i>R1</i>	
	the events are not independent	<i>AG</i>	<i>N0</i>
			<i>[4 marks]</i>
(c)	$P(\text{first takes only music}) = \frac{3}{16}$ (seen anywhere)	<i>A1</i>	
	$P(\text{second takes only art}) = \frac{7}{15}$ (seen anywhere)	<i>A1</i>	
	evidence of valid approach e.g. $\frac{3}{16} \times \frac{7}{15}$	<i>(M1)</i>	
	$P(\text{music and art}) = \frac{21}{240} \left(= \frac{7}{80} \right)$	<i>A1</i>	<i>N2</i>
			<i>[4 marks]</i>
			<i>Total [13 marks]</i>

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2)

(a) (i)



$$\frac{4}{6}, \frac{3}{6} \text{ and } \frac{3}{6} \left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \text{ and } \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

A1 A1 A1 N3

(ii) multiplying along the correct branches (may be seen on diagram) (AI)

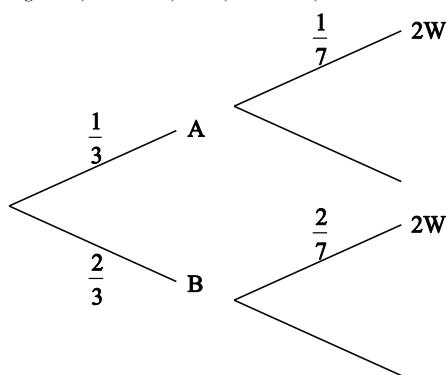
$$e.g. \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{2}{6}$$

A1 N2

[5 marks]

$$(b) P(\text{bag A}) = \frac{2}{6} \left(= \frac{1}{3} \right), P(\text{bag B}) = \frac{4}{6} \left(= \frac{2}{3} \right) \text{ (seen anywhere)} \quad (AI)(AI)$$

appropriate approach
e.g. $P(WW \cap A) + P(WW \cap B)$ (M1)



correct calculation

$$e.g. \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{7} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{7}, \frac{2}{42} + \frac{8}{42}$$

A1

$$P(2W) = \frac{60}{252} \left(= \frac{5}{21} \right) \quad A1 \quad N3$$

[5 marks]
continued ...

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- (c) recognizing conditional probability *(M1)*
 e.g. $\frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$, $P(A|WW) = \frac{P(WW \cap A)}{P(WW)}$
- correct numerator *(A1)*
 e.g. $P(A \cap WW) = \frac{6}{42} \times \frac{2}{6}, \frac{1}{21}$
- correct denominator *(A1)*
 e.g. $\frac{60}{252}, \frac{5}{21}$
- probability $\frac{84}{420} \left(= \frac{1}{5}\right)$ *A1* *N3*
[4 marks]

- 3) (a) min value of r is -1 , max value of r is 1 *A1A1* *N2*
[2 marks]
- (b) C *A1* *N1*
[1 mark]
- (c) linear, strong negative *A1A1* *N2*
[2 marks]
- Total [5 marks]*

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- 4) (a) (i) $p = 17, q = 11$ *A1A1 N2*
- (ii) $75 \leq T < 85$ *A1 N1
[3 marks]*
- (b) evidence of valid approach *(M1)*
e.g. adding frequencies
 $\frac{76}{93} = 0.8172043\dots$
- $P(T < 95) = \frac{76}{93} = 0.817$ *A1 N2
[2 marks]*
- (c) (i) 10 *A1 N1*
- (ii) 50 *A1 N1
[2 marks]*
- (d) (i) evidence of approach using mid-interval values (may be seen in part (ii)) *(M1)*
 79.1397849
 $\bar{x} = 79.1$ *A2 N3*
- (ii) 16.4386061 *A1 N1*
- $\sigma = 16.4$ *[4 marks]*

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- 5) (a) $y = 10.7x + 121$ **A1A1** **N2**
[2 marks]
- (b) (i) additional cost per box (unit cost) **A1** **N1**
(ii) fixed costs **A1** **N1**
[2 marks]
- (c) attempt to substitute into regression equation **M1**
e.g. $y = 10.7 \times 60 + 121, y = 760.12\dots$
- cost = \$760 (accept \$763 from 3 s.f. values) **A1** **N2**
[2 marks]
- (d) setting up inequality (accept equation) **M1**
e.g. $19.99x > 10.7x + 121$
- $x > 12.94\dots$ **A1**
- 13 boxes (accept 14 from $x > 13.02$, using 3 s.f. values) **A1** **N2**

Note: Exception to the **FT** rule: if working shown, award the final **A1** for a correct integer solution for **their** value of x .

[3 marks]