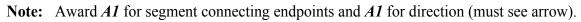
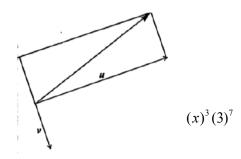


2.

eg		(M1)	
r	996010 = $0.996  [0.996, 0.997]$ = $3.15037, b = -15.4393$	A1 [2	N2 ? marks]
	= 3.15 [3.15, 3.16], b = -15.4 [-15.5, -15.4]	A1A1 [2	N2 ? marks]
eg		(M1)	
	5.4704 5.5 [66.4, 66.5]	A1 [2	N2 ? marks]
		Total [0	6 marks]
<b>3.</b> (a)	evidence $0$ $ABC$ sing cosine rule eg $AC^2 = 1AB^2 + BC^2 - 2(AB)(BC)\cos(ABC)$	(1	M1)
	correct substitution into the right-hand side $eg = 6^2 + 10^2 $	(.	41)
	AC = 12.5234 AC = 12.5 (cm)		A1 N2 [3 marks]
(b)	evidence of encosing a valid approach eg sin <del>e</del> Auto, cosine rule	(1	M1)
	correct substitution $eg = \frac{\sin(\hat{BCA})}{6} = \frac{\sin 100^{\circ}}{12.5}, \cos(\hat{BCA}) = \frac{(AC)^2 + 10^2 - 6^2}{2(AC)(10)}$	(.	41)
	u av		A1 N2 [3 marks]
		2	Fotal [6 marks]





**Notes:** Award AV for segment connecting endpoints and A1 for direction (must see arrow)

$$r = 0.777$$

#### SL P2 Mock Answers 2015/16

4. (a) 11 terms A1 N1(b) ev on (M1)eg v xpand

NotecideAveau choisingegment connecting endpoints and A1 for direction (must see arrow).

eg 8<sup>th</sup> term, 
$$r = 7$$
,  $\begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $(x)^3 (3)^7$   
cc (A1)  
eg (A1)  
2( (A1)  
A1 N3  
[4 marks]

Notes: Award A1 for segment connecting endpoints and A1 for direction (must see afrow). (a) Additional lines not required. (b) A2 N2

Note: 
$$A_{\text{was}} = 16$$
  
 $2$   $\sin A = \frac{16}{24}$  [2 marks]

$$u \cdot v = 0 \quad 15 + 2n + 3 = 0$$
(b) (i) evidence of valid approach (M1)

$$A = \operatorname{arc} \underbrace{\sin x}_{2} \underbrace{y}_{4} \operatorname{alue-min} y \text{ value}_{3}, \text{ distance from } y = 10$$
  

$$3 \times 5 + 2 \times n + 1 \times 3 \xrightarrow{2} 2n + 18 = 0$$
  

$$A = 0.720 \overline{7}^{2} \overline{7}^{2} \overline{7}^{656} = 2.41186499 \qquad (41.8103140^{\circ}, 138.1806851^{\circ}) \qquad A1 \qquad N2$$

$$A = 0.729727656..., 2.41186499... \quad (41.8103149^{\circ}, 138.1896851^{\circ}) \qquad AI \qquad N_{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} A = 0.730\\ (11) 2n^{2} \text{ at id psproach} \\ 41.8^{\circ} \quad 368^{\circ} \end{array} \tag{M1}$$

$$-9 \quad eg \quad \text{period is } 24, \frac{360}{24}, \text{ substitute a point into their } f(x)$$
$$q = \frac{2\pi}{24} \left( \frac{\pi}{24}, \text{ exact} \right), 0.262 \text{ (do not accept degrees)} \qquad A1 \qquad N2$$
$$BC^2 = AB^{21} + AC^2 - 2(AB)(AC)\cos A \quad a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\cos C$$

(c) valid Bopprotecht 8<sup>2</sup> - 2(6)(8) cos 2.41 6<sup>2</sup> + 8<sup>2</sup> - 2(6)(8) cos 138° (M1)  
eg Bone on graphs at 
$$y = 7$$
,  $8 cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{24}(x-4)\right) + 10 = 7$   
BC = 13.09786  
 $x = 11.46828$   
BC = 13.1  
 $x = 11.5$  (accept (11.5, 7))  
A1 N2  
[2 marks]

Note: Do not award the final AI if additional values are given. If an incorrect value of q leads to multiple solutions, award the final AI only if all solutions within the domain are given.

5.

n =

6. (a) (i) = correct substitution into arc length formula  

$$eg = 0.7 \times 5$$
  
Note: Award A1 for  $3r, 5=4$   
(ii) valid approach  
 $eg = 3.5+5+5$ ,  $\operatorname{arc}+2r$   
perimet  $\operatorname{arc length} = \frac{3r, 5}{(\operatorname{cm})}$   
(b) correct  $\operatorname{substitution into area formula}$   
 $eg = \frac{1}{2}(0.7)(5)^2$   
 $\operatorname{area} = 8.75 (\operatorname{cm}^2)$   
 $2 \times ($ 

$$q = \frac{2\pi}{24} \left(\frac{\pi}{12}, \text{ exact}\right)$$
 Total [6 marks]

$$f(x) = 0$$
  

$$f = 0 \quad x^{2} = 5$$
  

$$x = \pm 2.23606 \qquad y = 7 \quad 8\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{24}(x-4)\right) + 10 = 7$$
  

$$x = \pm \sqrt{5}.46828 \qquad x = \pm 2.24$$
  

$$x = 11.5$$

Note: Do not award the final A1 if additional values are given. If an incorrect value of  $q_2$  leads to multiple solutions, award the final A1 only if all solutions within the domain later gives)  $2\pi \int_0^{\sqrt{5}} f^2$ 

= 187

7.

(a)	correct substitution into formula	(A1)	
	$\begin{cases} g \\ 2 \\ y \\ z \\ z$	A1	N2 [2 marks]
(b)	$ \begin{array}{c} \left(3x^{2}\right)^{8} \\ eg \\ 12e^{0.4(4)} \end{array} = \left(3x^{2}\right)^{7} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right) \\ \left(3x^{2}\right)^{6} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right)^{2} + \dots \\ eg \\ 12e^{0.4(4)} \end{array} = \left(3x^{2}\right)^{6} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right)^{2} + \dots \\ \left(3x^{2}\right)^{6} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right)^{6} + \dots \\ \left(3x^{2}\right)^{6} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right)^{6} + \dots \\ \left(3x^{2}\right)^{6} + \dots \\ \left(3x^{2}$	(A1)	[2
	59.4363	(A1)	
	59 bacteria in the dish (integer answer only) $x^{-2}  x^{2} \left(x^{2}\right)^{8-r} \left(\frac{k}{x}\right)^{r} = x^{0}$	A1	N3 [3 marks]
(c)	correct equation	(A1)	
	$eg  A(t) = 400, \ 12e^{0.4t} = 400  2(8-r) - r = -2 \ 18 - 3r = 0 \ 2r + (-8+r) = -2  valid attempt to solve  eg  graph, use of logs  \begin{cases} .76639 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .$	(M1)	
	$\binom{2}{8.77} \binom{6}{(hours)} \binom{5x}{x} \binom{x}{x} = 0$	A1	N3 [3 marks]
(d)	valid attempt to ${}^{2}s_{0} = 60$ , ${}^{6}c_{0} = 16128$ , $k^{6} = \frac{16128}{160}$	(M1)	
k = 1	<u>+9</u> orrect working $eg$ sketch of intersection, $4k = \ln 2.5$	(A1)	
No	te <sub>k</sub> = $I_{0.229002}$ king shown, award N0 for $k = 2$ .		
	$k = \frac{\ln 2.5}{4}$ (exact), $k = 0.229$	A1	N3

[3 marks]

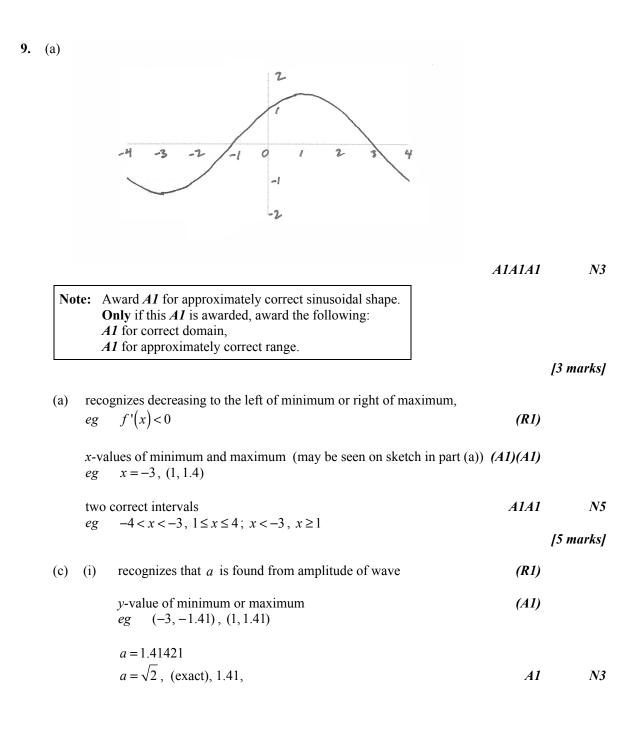
continued ...

# (e) METHOD 1

setting up an equation or inequality (accept any variable for <i>n</i> ) eg $A(t) > B(t)$ , $12e^{0.4n} = 24e^{0.229n}$ , $e^{0.4n} = 2e^{0.229n}$	(M1)	
correct working eg sketch of intersection, $e^{0.171n} = 2$	(A1)	
4.05521 (accept 4.05349)	(A1)	
n = 5 (integer answer only)	A1	N3
METHOD 2		
A(4) = 59, B(4) = 60 (from earlier work)		
A(5) = 88.668, B(5) = 75.446	A1A1	
valid reasoning eg $A(4) < B(4)$ and $A(5) > B(5)$	(R1)	
n = 5 (integer answer only)	A1	N3
	[4 marks]	
	Total [15 marks]	

8.

. (a)	(i)	50 (g)	A1	N1
	(ii)	65 rats weigh less than 70 grams	(A1)	
		attempt to find a percentage $eg = \frac{65}{80}, \frac{65}{80} \times 100$	(M1)	
		81.25 (%) (exact), 81.3	A1 [4 marks]	N3
(b)	(i)	<i>p</i> = 10	A2	N2
	(ii)	subtracting to find $q$ eg 75-45-10	(M1)	
		<i>q</i> = 20	A1	N2 [4 marks]
(c)	evid eg	ence of mid-interval values 15, 45, 75, 105	(M1)	
	$\overline{x} = x$	52.5 (exact), $\sigma = 22.5$ (exact)	A1A1	N3 [3 marks]
(d)		1650 (%)	A2	N2 [2 marks]
(e)		gnize binomial probability $X \sim B(n, p), \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ r \end{pmatrix} \times 0.782^r \times 0.218^{5-r}$	(M1)	
	valio eg	approach $P(X \le 3)$	(M1)	
	0.30 0.30		AI	N2 [3 marks]
			Total	[16 marks]



continued ...

#### Question 9 continued

## (ii) METHOD 1

recognize that shift for sine is found at x-intercept	(R1)
	()

attempt to find x-intercept		(M1)
eg	$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) = 0, \ x = 3 + 4k, \ k \in \mathbb{Z}$	

$$x = -1 \tag{A1}$$

### **METHOD 2**

attempt to use a coordinate to make an equation (R1)  $eg \quad \sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}c\right) = 1, \ \sqrt{2}\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}(3-c)\right) = 0$ 

attempt to solve resulting equation (M1)  

$$eg$$
 sketch,  $x = 3 + 4k$ ,  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

 $x = -1 \tag{A1}$ 

$$c=1$$
  $A1$   $N4$ 

Total [15 marks]

SL P2 Mock Answers 2015/16