## IB Questionbank Maths SL

## SL - Binomial Questions

262 min
244 marks

1. A random variable $X$ is distributed normally with mean 450 and standard deviation 20.
(a) Find $\mathrm{P}(X \leq 475)$.
(b) Given that $\mathrm{P}(X>a)=0.27$, find $a$.
2. A van can take either Route A or Route B for a particular journey.

If Route A is taken, the journey time may be assumed to be normally distributed with mean 46 minutes and a standard deviation 10 minutes.

If Route B is taken, the journey time may be assumed to be normally distributed with mean $\mu$ minutes and standard deviation 12 minutes.
(a) For Route A , find the probability that the journey takes more than 60 minutes.
(b) For Route B, the probability that the journey takes less than 60 minutes is 0.85 .

Find the value of $\mu$.
(c) The van sets out at 06:00 and needs to arrive before 07:00.
(i) Which route should it take?
(ii) Justify your answer.
(3)
(d) On five consecutive days the van sets out at 06:00 and takes Route B. Find the probability that
(i) it arrives before 07:00 on all five days;
(ii) it arrives before 07:00 on at least three days.
(5)
(Total 13 marks)
3. Let $X$ be normally distributed with mean 100 cm and standard deviation 5 cm .
(a) On the diagram below, shade the region representing $\mathrm{P}(X>105)$.

(b) Given that $\mathrm{P}(X<d)=\mathrm{P}(X>105)$, find the value of $d$.
(c) Given that $\mathrm{P}(X>105)=0.16$ (correct to two significant figures), find $\mathrm{P}(d<X<105)$.
4. A box contains a large number of biscuits. The weights of biscuits are normally distributed with mean 7 g and standard deviation 0.5 g .
(a) One biscuit is chosen at random from the box. Find the probability that this biscuit
(i) weighs less than 8 g ;
(ii) weighs between 6 g and 8 g .
(b) Five percent of the biscuits in the box weigh less than $d$ grams.
(i) Copy and complete the following normal distribution diagram, to represent this information, by indicating $d$, and shading the appropriate region.

(ii) Find the value of $d$.
(c) The weights of biscuits in another box are normally distributed with mean $\mu$ and standard deviation 0.5 g . It is known that $20 \%$ of the biscuits in this second box weigh less than 5 g .

Find the value of $\mu$.
5. The heights of certain plants are normally distributed. The plants are classified into three categories.

The shortest $12.92 \%$ are in category A.
The tallest $10.38 \%$ are in category C.
All the other plants are in category B with heights between $r \mathrm{~cm}$ and $t \mathrm{~cm}$.
(a) Complete the following diagram to represent this information.

(b) Given that the mean height is 6.84 cm and the standard deviation 0.25 cm , find the value of $r$ and of $t$.
6. The scores of a test given to students are normally distributed with a mean of 21 .
$80 \%$ of the students have scores less than 23.7.
(a) Find the standard deviation of the scores.

A student is chosen at random. This student has the same probability of having a score less than 25.4 as having a score greater than $b$.
(b) (i) Find the probability the student has a score less than 25.4.
(ii) Find the value of $b$.
7. A random variable $X$ is distributed normally with a mean of 100 and a variance of 100 .
(a) Find the value of $X$ that is 1.12 standard deviations above the mean.
(b) Find the value of $X$ that is 1.12 standard deviations below the mean.
8. The heights of trees in a forest are normally distributed with mean height 17 metres. One tree is selected at random. The probability that a selected tree has a height greater than 24 metres is 0.06 .
(a) Find the probability that the tree selected has a height less than 24 metres.
(b) The probability that the tree has a height less than $D$ metres is 0.06 . Find the value of $D$.
(c) A woodcutter randomly selects 200 trees. Find the expected number of trees whose height lies between 17 metres and 24 metres.
(Total 9 marks)
9. The speeds of cars at a certain point on a straight road are normally distributed with mean $\mu$ and standard deviation $\sigma .15 \%$ of the cars travelled at speeds greater than $90 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$ and $12 \%$ of them at speeds less than $40 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$. Find $\mu$ and $\sigma$.
(Total 6 marks)
10. The heights of boys at a particular school follow a normal distribution with a standard deviation of 5 cm . The probability of a boy being shorter than 153 cm is 0.705 .
(a) Calculate the mean height of the boys.
(b) Find the probability of a boy being taller than 156 cm .
(Total 6 marks)
11. The weights of a group of children are normally distributed with a mean of 22.5 kg and a standard deviation of 2.2 kg .
(a) Write down the probability that a child selected at random has a weight more than 25.8 kg .
(b) Of the group $95 \%$ weigh less than k kilograms. Find the value of $k$.
(c) The diagram below shows a normal curve.


On the diagram, shade the region that represents the following information: $87 \%$ of the children weigh less than 25 kg
12. The weights of chickens for sale in a shop are normally distributed with mean 2.5 kg and standard deviation 0.3 kg .
(a) A chicken is chosen at random.
(i) Find the probability that it weighs less than 2 kg .
(ii) Find the probability that it weighs more than 2.8 kg .
(iii) Copy the diagram below. Shade the areas that represent the probabilities from parts (i) and (ii).

(iv) Hence show that the probability that it weighs between 2 kg and 2.8 kg is 0.7936 (to four significant figures).
(b) A customer buys 10 chickens.
(i) Find the probability that all 10 chickens weigh between 2 kg and 2.8 kg .
(ii) Find the probability that at least 7 of the chickens weigh between 2 kg and 2.8 kg .
13. The heights of a group of students are normally distributed with a mean of 160 cm and a standard deviation of 20 cm .
(a) A student is chosen at random. Find the probability that the student's height is greater than 180 cm .
(b) In this group of students, $11.9 \%$ have heights less than $d \mathrm{~cm}$. Find the value of $d$.
14. In a large school, the heights of all fourteen-year-old students are measured.

The heights of the girls are normally distributed with mean 155 cm and standard deviation 10 cm .
The heights of the boys are normally distributed with mean 160 cm and standard deviation 12 cm .
(a) Find the probability that a girl is taller than 170 cm .
(b) Given that $10 \%$ of the girls are shorter than $x \mathrm{~cm}$, find $x$.
(c) Given that $90 \%$ of the boys have heights between $q \mathrm{~cm}$ and $r \mathrm{~cm}$ where $q$ and $r$ are symmetrical about 160 cm , and $q<r$, find the value of $q$ and of $r$.

In the group of fourteen-year-old students, $60 \%$ are girls and $40 \%$ are boys.
The probability that a girl is taller than 170 cm was found in part (a).
The probability that a boy is taller than 170 cm is 0.202 .
A fourteen-year-old student is selected at random.
(d) Calculate the probability that the student is taller than 170 cm .
(e) Given that the student is taller than 170 cm , what is the probability the student is a girl?
15. The heights of certain flowers follow a normal distribution. It is known that $20 \%$ of these flowers have a height less than 3 cm and $10 \%$ have a height greater than 8 cm .

Find the value of the mean $\mu$ and the standard deviation $\sigma$.
16. The speeds of cars at a certain point on a straight road are normally distributed with mean $\mu$ and standard deviation $\sigma .15 \%$ of the cars travelled at speeds greater than $90 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$ and $12 \%$ of them at speeds less than $40 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$. Find $\mu$ and $\sigma$.
(Total 6 marks)
17. Residents of a small town have savings which are normally distributed with a mean of $\$ 3000$ and a standard deviation of $\$ 500$.
(i) What percentage of townspeople have savings greater than $\$ 3200$ ?
(ii) Two townspeople are chosen at random. What is the probability that both of them have savings between $\$ 2300$ and $\$ 3300$ ?
(iii) The percentage of townspeople with savings less than $d$ dollars is $74.22 \%$. Find the value of $d$.
18. The heights, $H$, of the people in a certain town are normally distributed with mean 170 cm and standard deviation 20 cm .
(a) A person is selected at random. Find the probability that his height is less than 185 cm .
(b) Given that $\mathrm{P}(H>d)=0.6808$, find the value of $d$.
19. Reaction times of human beings are normally distributed with a mean of 0.76 seconds and a standard deviation of 0.06 seconds.
(a) The graph below is that of the standard normal curve. The shaded area represents the probability that the reaction time of a person chosen at random is between 0.70 and 0.79 seconds.

(i) Write down the value of $a$ and of $b$.
(ii) Calculate the probability that the reaction time of a person chosen at random is
(a) greater than 0.70 seconds;
(b) between 0.70 and 0.79 seconds.

Three percent (3\%) of the population have a reaction time less than $c$ seconds.
(b) (i) Represent this information on a diagram similar to the one above. Indicate clearly the area representing $3 \%$.
(ii) Find $c$.
20. A company manufactures television sets. They claim that the lifetime of a set is normally distributed with a mean of 80 months and standard deviation of 8 months.
(a) What proportion of television sets break down in less than 72 months?
(b) (i) Calculate the proportion of sets which have a lifetime between 72 months and 90 months.
(ii) Illustrate this proportion by appropriate shading in a sketch of a normal distribution curve.
(c) If a set breaks down in less than $x$ months, the company replace it free of charge. They replace $4 \%$ of the sets. Find the value of $x$.
(Total 10 marks)
21. It is claimed that the masses of a population of lions are normally distributed with a mean mass of 310 kg and a standard deviation of 30 kg .
(a) Calculate the probability that a lion selected at random will have a mass of 350 kg or more.
(b) The probability that the mass of a lion lies between $a$ and $b$ is 0.95 , where $a$ and $b$ are symmetric about the mean. Find the value of $a$ and of $b$.
22. The mass of packets of a breakfast cereal is normally distributed with a mean of 750 g and standard deviation of 25 g .
(a) Find the probability that a packet chosen at random has mass
(i) less than 740 g ;
(ii) at least 780 g ;
(iii) between 740 g and 780 g .
(b) Two packets are chosen at random. What is the probability that both packets have a mass which is less than 740 g ?
(c) The mass of $70 \%$ of the packets is more than $x$ grams. Find the value of $x$.
23. In a country called Tallopia, the height of adults is normally distributed with a mean of 187.5 cm and a standard deviation of 9.5 cm .
(a) What percentage of adults in Tallopia have a height greater than 197 cm ?
(b) A standard doorway in Tallopia is designed so that $99 \%$ of adults have a space of at least 17 cm over their heads when going through a doorway. Find the height of a standard doorway in Tallopia. Give your answer to the nearest cm .
(Total 7 marks)
24. Intelligence Quotient (IQ) in a certain population is normally distributed with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15 .
(a) What percentage of the population has an IQ between 90 and 125?
(b) If two persons are chosen at random from the population, what is the probability that both have an IQ greater than 125 ?
(c) The mean IQ of a random group of 25 persons suffering from a certain brain disorder was found to be 95.2 . Is this sufficient evidence, at the 0.05 level of significance, that people suffering from the disorder have, on average, a lower IQ than the entire population? State your null hypothesis and your alternative hypothesis, and explain your reasoning.
25. Bags of cement are labelled 25 kg . The bags are filled by machine and the actual weights are normally distributed with mean 25.7 kg and standard deviation 0.50 kg .
(a) What is the probability a bag selected at random will weigh less than 25.0 kg ?

In order to reduce the number of underweight bags (bags weighing less than 25 kg ) to $2.5 \%$ of the total, the mean is increased without changing the standard deviation.
(b) Show that the increased mean is 26.0 kg .

It is decided to purchase a more accurate machine for filling the bags. The requirements for this machine are that only $2.5 \%$ of bags be under 25 kg and that only $2.5 \%$ of bags be over 26 kg .
(c) Calculate the mean and standard deviation that satisfy these requirements.

The cost of the new machine is $\$ 5000$. Cement sells for $\$ 0.80$ per kg.
(d) Compared to the cost of operating with a 26 kg mean, how many bags must be filled in order to recover the cost of the new equipment?
26. The lifespan of a particular species of insect is normally distributed with a mean of 57 hours and a standard deviation of 4.4 hours.
(a) The probability that the lifespan of an insect of this species lies between 55 and 60 hours is represented by the shaded area in the following diagram. This diagram represents the standard normal curve.

(i) Write down the values of $a$ and $b$.
(ii) Find the probability that the lifespan of an insect of this species is
(a) more than 55 hours;
(b) between 55 and 60 hours.
(b) $90 \%$ of the insects die after $t$ hours.
(i) Represent this information on a standard normal curve diagram, similar to the one given in part (a), indicating clearly the area representing $90 \%$.
(ii) Find the value of $t$.
27. An urban highway has a speed limit of $50 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$. It is known that the speeds of vehicles travelling on the highway are normally distributed, with a standard deviation of $10 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$, and that $30 \%$ of the vehicles using the highway exceed the speed limit.
(a) Show that the mean speed of the vehicles is approximately $44.8 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$.

The police conduct a "Safer Driving" campaign intended to encourage slower driving, and want to know whether the campaign has been effective. It is found that a sample of 25 vehicles has a mean speed of $41.3 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{~h}^{-1}$.
(b) Given that the null hypothesis is
$\mathrm{H}_{0}$ : the mean speed has been unaffected by the campaign
State $\mathrm{H}_{1}$, the alternative hypothesis.
(c) State whether a one-tailed or two-tailed test is appropriate for these hypotheses, and explain why.
(d) Has the campaign had significant effect at the 5\% level?
28. The graph shows a normal curve for the random variable $X$, with mean $\mu$ and standard deviation $\sigma$.


It is known that $p(X \geq 12)=0.1$.
(a) The shaded region $A$ is the region under the curve where $x \geq 12$. Write down the area of the shaded region $A$.

It is also known that $p(X \leq 8)=0.1$.
(b) Find the value of $\mu$, explaining your method in full.
(c) Show that $\sigma=1.56$ to an accuracy of three significant figures.
(d) Find $p(X \leq 11)$.

