- 1)C In an arithmetic sequence, the first term is -2, the fourth term is 16, and the  $n^{th}$  term is 11998.
  - (a) Find the common difference d.
  - (b) Find the value of n.

- 2)C Consider the expansion of  $\left(3x^2 \frac{1}{x}\right)^9$ .
  - (a) How many terms are there in this expansion?
  - (b) Find the constant term in this expansion.

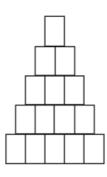
3)C Gwendolyn added the multiples of 3, from 3 to 3750 and found that

$$3+6+9+...+3750=s$$
.

- 4)NC Let  $\ln a = p$ ,  $\ln b = q$ . Write the following expressions in terms of p and q.
  - (a)  $\ln a^3 b$
  - (b)  $\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{b}\right)$

- 5) Find the **exact** value of x in each of the following equations.
  - (a)  $5^{x+1} = 625$
  - (b)  $\log_a (3x+5) = 2$

Clara organizes cans in triangular piles, where each row has one less can than the row below. For example, the pile of 15 cans shown has 5 cans in the bottom row and 4 cans in the row above it.



- (a) A pile has 20 cans in the bottom row. Show that the pile contains 210 cans. [4 marks]
- (b) There are 3240 cans in a pile. How many cans are in the bottom row? [4 marks]
- (c) (i) There are S cans and they are organized in a triangular pile with n cans in the bottom row. Show that  $n^2 + n 2S = 0$ .
  - (ii) Clara has 2100 cans. Explain why she cannot organize them in a triangular pile. [6 marks]

- 7) (a) Write down the first three terms of the sequence  $u_n = 3n$ , for  $n \ge 1$ . [1 mark]
  - (b) Find
    - (i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{20} 3n$ ;
    - (ii)  $\sum_{n=21}^{100} 3n$ . [5 marks]

- 8) [Maximum mark: 6]
  - (a) Expand  $\left(e + \frac{1}{e}\right)^4$  in terms of e. [4 marks]
  - (b) Express  $\left(e + \frac{1}{e}\right)^4 + \left(e \frac{1}{e}\right)^4$  as the sum of three terms. [2 marks]

9) The first term of an infinite geometric sequence is 18, while the third term is 8. There are two possible sequences. Find the sum of each sequence.