

# IGCSE Additional Mathematics Ch 4

## **Quadratics Test**

Student Name:

Time allowed: 20 minutes

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all the questions.

Write your answers on the separate Answer Booklet/Paper provided.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 12.

### 1.

A triangle has a base of length (13 - 2x) m and a perpendicular height of x m. Calculate the range of values of x for which the area of the triangle is greater than  $3 \text{ m}^2$ . [3]

### 2.

- (i) Find the values of k for which y = kx + 2 is a tangent to the curve  $y = 4x^2 + 2x + 3$ . [4]
- (ii) Express  $4x^2 + 2x + 3$  in the form  $a(x+b)^2 + c$ , where a, b and c are constants. [3]
- (iii) Determine, with explanation, whether or not the curve  $y = 4x^2 + 2x + 3$  meets the x-axis. [2]