NORMAL DISTRIBUTIONS 2

1) In a large school, the heights of all fourteen-year-old students are measured.

The heights of the girls are normally distributed with mean 155 cm and standard deviation 10 cm.

The heights of the boys are normally distributed with mean 160 cm and standard deviation 12 cm.

(a) Find the probability that a girl is taller than 170 cm.

[3 marks]

(b) Given that 10% of the girls are shorter than x cm, find x.

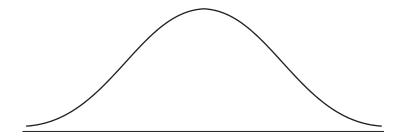
[3 marks]

(c) Given that 90% of the boys have heights between q cm and r cm where q and r are symmetrical about 160 cm, and q < r, find the value of q and of r.

[4 marks]

- 2) The heights of a group of students are normally distributed with a mean of 160 cm and a standard deviation of 20 cm.
 - (a) A student is chosen at random. Find the probability that the student's height is greater than 180 cm.
 - (b) In this group of students, 11.9 % have heights less than d cm. Find the value of d.
- 3) The heights of boys at a particular school follow a normal distribution with a standard deviation of 5 cm. The probability of a boy being shorter than 153 cm is 0.705.
 - (a) Calculate the mean height of the boys.
 - (b) Find the probability of a boy being taller than 156 cm.
- 4) The weights of a group of children are normally distributed with a mean of 22.5 kg and a standard deviation of 2.2 kg.
 - (a) Write down the probability that a child selected at random has a weight more than 25.8 kg.
 - (b) Of the group 95 % weigh less than k kilograms. Find the value of k.

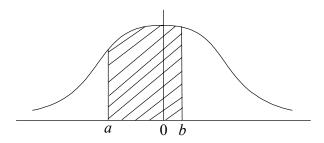
(c) The diagram below shows a normal curve.



On the diagram, shade the region that represents the following information:

87 % of the children weigh less than 25 kg

- 5) (i) Reaction times of human beings are normally distributed with a mean of 0.76 seconds and a standard deviation of 0.06 seconds.
 - (a) The graph below is that of the **standard** normal curve. The shaded area represents the probability that the reaction time of a person chosen at random is between 0.70 and 0.79 seconds.



- (i) Write down the value of a and of b.
- (ii) Calculate the probability that the reaction time of a person chosen at random is
 - (a) greater than 0.70 seconds;
 - (b) between 0.70 and 0.79 seconds.

[6 marks]

Three percent (3 %) of the population have a reaction time less than c seconds.

- (b) (i) Represent this information on a diagram similar to the one above. Indicate clearly the area representing 3 %.
 - (ii) Find c.

The scores of a test given to students are normally distributed with a mean of 21. 6) 80 % of the students have scores less than 23.7. Find the standard deviation of the scores. [3 marks] (a) A student is chosen at random. This student has the same probability of having a score less than 25.4 as having a score greater than b. (b) (i) Find the probability the student has a score less than 25.4. (ii) Find the value of *b*. [4 marks] 7) A random variable X is distributed normally with mean 450 and standard deviation 20. Find $P(X \le 475)$. [2 marks] (a) (b) Given that P(X > a) = 0.27, find a. [4 marks] 8) The weights of players in a sports league are normally distributed with a mean of 76.6 kg, (correct to three significant figures). It is known that 80 % of the players have weights between 68 kg and 82 kg. The probability that a player weighs less than 68 kg is 0.05. Find the probability that a player weighs more than 82 kg. [2 marks] (a) Write down the standardized value, z, for 68 kg. (b) (i) [4 marks] Hence, find the standard deviation of weights. (ii) To take part in a tournament, a player's weight must be within 1.5 standard deviations of the mean. Find the set of all possible weights of players that take part in the (c) (i) tournament. A player is selected at random. Find the probability that the player takes part in the tournament. [5 marks]

- The scores of a test given to students are normally distributed with a mean of 21. 80 % of the students have scores less than 23.7.
 - (a) Find the standard deviation of the scores.

[3 marks]

A student is chosen at random. This student has the same probability of having a score less than 25.4 as having a score greater than b.

- (b) (i) Find the probability the student has a score less than 25.4.
 - (ii) Find the value of b.

[4 marks]