IGCSE - Graphs/tangents/gradients -3

Oct 04 Paper 4

2 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{12}{x+1}$$

[x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	İ
}	f(x)	р	6	4	3	2.4	2	1.71	q	1.33	r	1.09	1	

(i) Calculate the values of p, q and r.

[3]

(ii) Draw the graph of y = f(x) for $0 \le x \le 11$. Use a scale of 1cm to 1 unit on each axis.

[5]

[3]

(iii) By drawing a suitable line, find an estimate of the gradient of the graph at the point (3, 3).

[2]

(b) On the same grid draw the graph of y = 8 - x for $0 \le x \le 8$.

(c) (i) Show that the equation f(x) = 8 - x simplifies to $x^2 - 7x + 4 = 0$.

[2]

(ii) Use your graph to solve this equation, giving your answers correct to 1 decimal place.

[2]

May 05 Paper 4

4 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The table gives values of $f(x) = 2^x$, for $-2 \le x \le 4$.

<i>x</i> -	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
f(x)	p	0.5	q	2	4	r	16

(a) Find the values of p, q and r.

[3]

(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit on the x-axis and 1 cm to 1 unit on the y-axis, draw the graph of y = f(x) for $-2 \le x \le 4$.

[5]

(c) Use your graph to solve the equation $2^x = 7$.

[1]

(d) What value does f(x) approach as x decreases?

[1]

(e) By drawing a tangent, estimate the gradient of the graph of y = f(x) when x = 1.5.

[3]

(f) On the same grid draw the graph of y = 2x + 1 for $0 \le x \le 4$.

[2]

(g) Use your graph to find the non-integer solution of $2^x = 2x + 1$.

[2]