IGCSE – Estimated Mean and Histograms – 2

May 06 Paper 4

9 (a) The numbers 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, k, m, 6, 9, 9 are in order ($k \neq m$). Their median is 2.5 and their mean is 3.6.

(i)	Write down the mode.	[1]
(ii)	Find the value of k .	[1]
	Find the value of m .	[2]
(iv)	Maria chooses a number at random from the list.	
	The probability of choosing this number is $\frac{1}{2}$. Which number does she choose?	[1]

The probability of choosing this number is $\frac{1}{5}$. Which number does she choose?

(b) 100 students are given a question to answer.

The time taken (t seconds) by each student is recorded and the results are shown in the table.

	\overline{t}	0< <i>t</i> ≤20	20<≀≤30	30< <i>t</i> ≤35	35<1≤40	40< <i>t</i> ≤50	50< <i>t</i> ≤60	60< <i>t</i> ≤80
Fr	equency	10	10	15	28	22	7	8

(i) Calculate an estimate of the mean time taken.

[4]

(ii) Two students are picked at random.

What is the probability that they both took more than 50 seconds?

Give your answer as a fraction in its lowest terms.

[3]

Answer part (c) on a sheet of graph paper.

(c) The data in part (b) is re-grouped to give the following table.

/ t	0<1≤30	30<1≤60	60< <i>t</i> ≤80
Frequency	р	q	8

(i) Write down the values of p and q.

[2]

(ii) Draw an accurate histogram to show these results.
 Use a scale of 1 cm to represent 5 seconds on the horizontal time axis.
 Use a scale of 1 cm to 0.2 units of frequency density (so that 1 cm² on your histogram represents 1 student).