

# Differentiation

80 min  
77 marks

1. Consider the function  $g(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 4$ .

Find

(a)  $g'(x)$

(3)

(b)  $g'(1)$

(2)

(Total 5 marks)

2. Consider the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x + 1$ .

(a) Find  $f'(x)$ .

(3)

(b) Write down the value of  $f'(2)$ .

(1)

(c) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve of  $y = f(x)$  at the point  $(2, 3)$ .

(2)

(Total 6 marks)

3. Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 + x - 6$

(a) Find  $f'(x)$ .

(3)

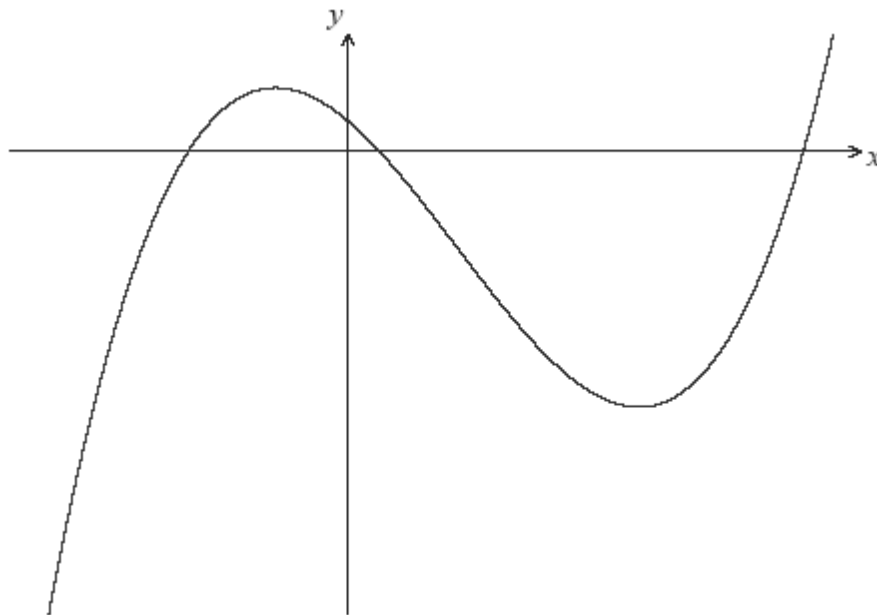
(b) Find the value of  $f'(-3)$ .

(1)

(c) Find the value of  $x$  for which  $f'(x) = 0$ .

(Total 6 marks)

4. The diagram shows a sketch of the function  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 - 12x + 3$ .



*diagram not to scale*

(a) Write down the values of  $x$  where the graph of  $f(x)$  intersects the  $x$ -axis.

(3)

(b) Write down  $f'(x)$ .

(3)

- (c) Find the value of the local maximum of  $y = f(x)$ . (4)

Let P be the point where the graph of  $f(x)$  intersects the  $y$ -axis.

- (d) Write down the coordinates of P. (1)

- (e) Find the gradient of the curve at P. (2)

The line,  $L$ , is the tangent to the graph of  $f(x)$  at P.

- (f) Find the equation of  $L$  in the form  $y = mx + c$ . (2)

There is a second point, Q, on the curve at which the tangent to  $f(x)$  is parallel to  $L$ .

- (g) Write down the gradient of the tangent at Q. (1)

- (h) Calculate the  $x$ -coordinate of Q. (3)  
(Total 19 marks)

5. (a) Differentiate the following function with respect to  $x$ :

$$f(x) = 2x - 9 - 25x^{-1}$$

- (b) Calculate the  $x$ -coordinates of the points on the curve where the gradient of the tangent to the curve is equal to 6.

(Total 6 marks)

6. A function  $g(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 18$

(a) Find  $g'(x)$ . (3)

(b) Solve  $g'(x) = 0$ . (2)

(c) (i) Calculate the values of  $g'(x)$  when

(a)  $x = -3$ ;

(b)  $x = 0$ .

(ii) Hence state whether the function is increasing or decreasing at

(a)  $x = -3$ ;

(b)  $x = 0$ .

(4)

(Total 9 marks)

7. The straight line,  $L$ , has equation  $2y - 27x - 9 = 0$ .

(a) Find the gradient of  $L$ . (2)

Sarah wishes to draw the tangent to  $f(x) = x^4$  parallel to  $L$ .

(b) Write down  $f'(x)$ . (1)

(c) (i) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of the point at which the tangent must be drawn.

(ii) Write down the value of  $f(x)$  at this point.

(3)

(Total 6 marks)

8. It is **not** necessary to use graph paper for this question.

- (a) Sketch the curve of the function  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 3$  for values of  $x$  from  $-2$  to  $4$ , giving the intercepts with both axes. (3)
- (b) On the same diagram, sketch the line  $y = 7 - 2x$  and find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the line with the curve. (3)
- (c) Find the value of the gradient of the curve where  $x = 1.7$ . (2)

(Total 8 marks)

9. (a) Differentiate the function  $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$ .

- (b) At a certain point  $(x, y)$  on this curve the gradient is 5. Find the co-ordinates of this point. (Total 6 marks)

10. Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - 2x^2 + 3$ .

- (a) Find  $f'(x)$ . (2)
- (b) Find  $f''(x)$ . (2)
- (c) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve of  $f$  at the point  $(1, 1.5)$ . (2)

(Total 6 marks)