

1 Express each of the following in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$ :

(i)  $y = (x + 4)^2 - 4$       (ii)  $y = (x - 5)^2 + 3$       (iii)  $y = 2(x - 1)^2 - 3$

(iv)  $y = 2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}$       (v)  $y = 5\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}$

2 Using the given form, solve, where possible, each of the equations  $y = 0$  in question 1, leaving your answer in surd form.

3 Express each of the following quadratic functions in the form  $(x + b)^2 + c$ :

(i)  $y = x^2 + 8x - 3$       (ii)  $y = x^2 - 6x + 9$       (iii)  $y = x^2 - 10x + 5$

(iv)  $y = x^2 + 10x$       (v)  $y = x^2 + 5x - 7$       (vi)  $y = x^2 - 7x + 6$

(vii)  $y = x^2 + 11x - 1$       (viii)  $y = x^2 - 13x$       (ix)  $y = x^2 - 3$

4 Use the form  $(x + b)^2 + c$  to solve each of the equations  $y = 0$  in question 3, leaving your answer in surd form.

5 Express each of the following quadratic functions in the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$ , stating the values of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$ :

(i)  $y = 3x^2 + 6x - 4$       (ii)  $y = 2x^2 - 5x + 6$       (iii)  $y = -x^2 + 3x - 2$

(iv)  $y = -5x^2 + 3x - 15$       (v)  $y = 5x^2 + 2x - 3$       (vi)  $y = 7x^2 - 2x + 1$

(vii)  $y = -2x^2 + 5x + 1$       (viii)  $y = 3 - 2x - 4x^2$       (ix)  $y = -3x^2 + 7x + 2$

6 Use the form  $a(x + b)^2 + c$  to solve, where possible, each of the equations  $y = 0$  in question 5, leaving your answer in surd form.