

Algebra Binomial P2

37 min
37 marks

1. Consider the expansion of $(x + 2)^{11}$.

(a) Write down the number of terms in this expansion.

(1)

(b) Find the term containing x^2 .

(4)

(Total 5 marks)

2. Find the term in x^4 in the expansion of $\left(3x^2 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$.

(Total 6 marks)

3. Let $f(x) = x^3 - 4x + 1$.

(a) Expand $(x + h)^3$.

(2)

- (b) Use the formula $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ to show that the derivative of $f(x)$ is $3x^2 - 4$. (4)
- (c) The tangent to the curve of f at the point $P(1, -2)$ is parallel to the tangent at a point Q . Find the coordinates of Q . (4)
- (d) The graph of f is decreasing for $p < x < q$. Find the value of p and of q . (3)
- (e) Write down the range of values for the gradient of f . (2)
- (Total 15 marks)**

4. Find the term in x^3 in the expansion of $\left(\frac{2}{3}x - 3\right)^8$. (Total 5 marks)

5. (a) Expand $(x - 2)^4$ and simplify your result. (3)

(b) Find the term in x^3 in $(3x + 4)(x - 2)^4$. (3)

(Total 6 marks)